

CrossMark[®]

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Revision History:

1.0 - Initial release of the CrossMark White Paper

1.1 – CrossMark Android release



About BAPCo®

Business Applications Performance Corporation (BAPCo) is a non-profit consortium with a charter to develop and distribute a set of objective performance benchmarks for personal computers based on popular computer applications and industry standard operating systems.

For more information about BAPCo or a complete list of the current membership, see our website at http://www.bapco.com/.



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1 Introduction

CrossMark is a new type of cross-platform benchmark that measures system performance and responsiveness using common and relevant workloads that model the performance characteristics of real-world applications. CrossMark uses a combination of open source and proprietary workloads to assess system performance scores in the areas of Productivity, Creativity and Responsiveness. CrossMark installs quickly and gives results in only a few minutes. The overall performance score is designed to track those of SYSmark 25. CrossMark also allows the comparison to be made across a range of operating systems.

CrossMark gives commercial and government IT decision makers, media, channel buyers, consultants, and system and component designers and manufacturers, government and non-government agencies and standards bodies an objective, easy-to-use tool to evaluate PC performance across the wide range of activities that a user may encounter.

CrossMark is designed for those who want to evaluate and compare desktop, notebook, 2-in-1 and tablet computers for evaluating system performance across platforms.

Additional features and highlights of CrossMark include:

- Cross-Architecture System Benchmarking Runs on Windows, Android (ChromeOS, Not Supported), iOS and macOS to assess the performance, regardless of the operating system. More platforms will be added in the future.
- System Benchmark Modeled on Real Applications Measures common user performance by modeling real applications using open source and proprietary workloads.
- **Realistic Performance Scaling** Scales similarly to real applications across CPU frequency, cores and threads, system memory, storage, GPU and other capabilities.
- Lightweight Install with Intuitive Interface Supporting Touch Screens Streamlined user experience beginning with a quick installation process of less than a minute, necessitating less than 1GB of storage users can begin benchmarking with a single click, or tap of their screen.
- Automated Run Time Support Provides the option to automate benchmarking tests to simplify and streamline system measurement.
- **Online System Performance Database** Supports online results submission to enable realtime device comparison and evaluation.

CrossMark builds upon BAPCo's 30-year history of building benchmarks to evaluate platform technologies. Benchmarks designed by BAPCo are the result of cooperative development between member companies representing the breadth of the computing industry.

This document describes the methodologies employed in the development of CrossMark. For detailed instructions on how to install and run CrossMark products, please refer to the documentation provided on the installation media and/or the BAPCo web site (<u>www.bapco.com</u>).

Refer to the BAPCo product versions FAQ located in the CrossMark support section at http://www.bapco.com/support for more information.



2 BAPCo Development Process

BAPCo creates benchmarks in accordance with the BAPCo Development Process, a set of milestones and checkpoints collaboratively developed and agreed upon by the BAPCo membership.

2.1 Milestone Overview

The BAPCo development process is divided into six major phases (Initialization, Design and Planning, Implementation, Validation, Characterization and Launch). Each phase consists of a series of milestones, some of which may be worked on concurrently.

The membership must vote to close each milestone. Once all the milestones within a phase are complete, the membership must vote to exit the phase and enter the next phase. BAPCo members work in a collaborative process where decisions regarding products are made by majority vote rather than unanimously.

The following is the list of the development phases and the corresponding milestones.

1. Initialization Phase

- a. Milestone 0 Committee kickoff
- b. Milestone 1 Benchmark market and customer analysis
- c. Milestone 2 Product positioning and customer value proposition
- d. Milestone 3 Preliminary marketing requirements document
- e. Milestone 4 Select product name
- f. Milestone 5 Final marketing requirements document

2. Design and Planning Phase

- a. Milestone 6 Preliminary engineering requirements document
- b. Milestone 7 Usage model selection (see section 2.2)
- c. Milestone 8 Workload selection (see section 2.4)
- d. Milestone 9 Define member resource commitments
- e. Milestone 10 Define development infrastructure
- f. Milestone 11 Define scoring methodology (see section 2.5)
- g. Milestone 12 Define application licensing requirements
- h. Milestone 13 Plan and execute workload development sessions
- i. Milestone 14 Define product release criteria

3. Implementation Phase

- a. Milestone 15 Create implementation schedule
- b. Milestone 16 Determine reference machine (see section 2.7)
- c. Milestone 17 Software engineering

4. Validation Phase

- a. Milestone 18 Validation testing
- b. Milestone 19 Define risk management plan
- 5. Characterization Phase
 - a. Milestone 20 Characterization testing
- 6. Launch Phase
 - a. Milestone 21 Product pricing
 - b. Milestone 22 Pre-launch materials
 - c. Milestone 23 Release to manufacture vote and sign-off



- d. Milestone 24 Distribute early press evaluation
- e. Milestone 25 Duplicate and distribute media
- f. Milestone 26 Post-launch materials



2.2 Usage Model, Sub Scenario, and Scenario Selection

In milestone 7 of the BAPCo Development Process, the committee chooses PC usage models for inclusion in the benchmark. CrossMark is based on the same usage models as SYSmark 25, which is an application-based benchmark available on x86_64 Windows*.

Similar to SYSmark 25, CrossMark consists of seven sub-scenarios: – Document Editing, Spreadsheets, Web Browsing, Photo Editing, Photo Organization, Video Editing, and Responsiveness, detailed below:

• Document Editing

The Document Editing sub scenario models productivity usage of email creation/management, PDFs, presentations, and word processing.

• Spreadsheets

The Spreadsheets sub scenario models scientific simulations, forecasting, modeling within a spreadsheet application.

Web Browsing

The Web Browsing sub scenario models website loads, web compute, and tab switching within a web browser.

Photo Editing

The Photo Editing sub scenario models photography editing and post processing.

• Photo Organization

The Photo Organization sub scenario models photo cataloging and machine learning based image recognition.

Video Editing

The Video Editing sub scenario models nonlinear video editing and composite video rendering for use in social media and other online venues.

Responsiveness

The Responsiveness sub scenario models usages where the ability of the system to react quickly to the user's input impacts the experience of using the system (i.e. – users want to feel like the system responds smoothly and quickly). Some modeled usages include: application launches, file launches, and multi-tasking.



2.3 Scenario Grouping

Overall Productivity Creativity Responsiveness DE SS WB PE PO VE RE

The sub scenarios are grouped according to the descriptions below, as illustrated by Figure 1.

Figure 1: CrossMark Scenario Grouping

Abbreviations	Description
DE	Document Editing
SS	Spread Sheet
WB	Web Browsing
PE	Photo Editing
РО	Photo Organization
VE	Video Editing
RE	Responsiveness

Table 1 Abbreviations for sub-scenario's

2.3.1 Productivity

The Productivity scenario contains Document Editing, Spreadsheets, and Web Browsing sub scenarios.

2.3.2 Creativity

The Creativity scenario contains Photo Editing, Photo Organization, and Video Editing sub scenarios.

2.3.3 Responsiveness

The Responsiveness scenario contains usage models such as application launches, and file opens taken from other sub scenarios.

2.3.4 **Overall Score**

The Crossmark Overall Score is computed using the geometric mean ("Geomean") of all 7 sub scenarios (DE, WB, SS, PE, PO, VE, RE). Productivity and Creativity each represent approximately 3/7 of the overall score each and Responsiveness is 1/7.



2.4 Workloads Selection

CrossMark is a cross-platform performance benchmark that models the performance of real-world applications using open source and proprietary workloads. CrossMark is based on SYSmark 25 as its calibration benchmark. CrossMark shall give results that are comparable to SYSmark 25, which is the application-based benchmark. The benchmark reports overall score and sub scores for Productivity, Creativity and Responsiveness scenarios.

For CrossMark, workloads were chosen based on the following criteria:

Key Characteristics	Description
Cross-platform	Support for multiple platforms. Workloads
	natively on the following operating
	systems: Windows Android (ChromoOS
	Not Supported) MacOS iOS Chromo
	Windows on ARM and Linux Currently
	CrossMark supports Windows MacOS and
	iOS operating systems but may support
	other operating systems in future
Licensing	Workloads must either have a permissive
	open source license (e.g. MIT BSD or
	Anache) or be contributed by BAPCo
	members.
Sensitivity Characteristics	CrossMark is designed to track the
·····	sensitivity characteristics of SYSmark 25
	including sensitivity to CPU frequency, CPU
	core count, GPU, storage device, memory,
	architecture, etc. The combined
	component scaling of all the workloads
	must, by definition, closely match the
	component scaling of SYSmark 25 at the
	sub scenario level.
Client Usage Models	The workloads are based on typical client
	usage models like facial recognition,
	compression/decompression, file I/O,
	document processing etc.

Table 2: Workload Selection

CrossMark workloads are based on open-source libraries as well as proprietary application code. The workload applications used in the CrossMark are listed below in the <u>Table 3</u>. In CrossMark, source code is natively compiled for each platform (Windows, Android, macOS, iOS) using comparable compilers and flags. The compilers used for each platform are present in Workload selection <u>section 2.4.2</u>



2.4.1 Workload Description

The list of workloads is described below:

Workload	Description
AES Encryption	The advance encryption standard (AES) is a symmetric block cipher which uses 256-bit key length to encrypt messages. The encryption is widely used to secure communication channels and to secure information. The AES workload encrypts 128kbytes of data in memory dividing in blocks based on the number of threads in the system.
Chacha20 Encryption Chacha20 Decryption	The Chacha20 stream cipher and poly1305 authenticator are cryptographic algorithm with aim of ensuring high-security margins while achieving high performance e.g. major sites on the internet supports this type of encryption to make it more secure and blazing fast especially in browsers like Chrome. The workload reads text file and divides into the smaller blocks to do the encryption/decryption.
Zstd compression	Zstd is a fast compression algorithm providing high
Zstd decompression Zstd stream decompression	compression ratios. This workload assumes compression/decompression size knowing ahead of time: the complete bound or the window size of
	the data to be compressed/decompressed. In this workload we compress/decompress text read using the file. Zstd streaming decompression algorithm is used when upper bound of the compressed input is unknown or large window size can result to increased memory usage. The workload takes data from the file and breaks into the smaller blocks to decompress the entire input.
Zlib compression	The lossless data compression provides in-memory
Zlib decompression	compression/decompression including integrity checks of the uncompressed data. This method of compression/decompression technique is designed to be compact and fast for use in memory and on communication channels. The workloads using deflate/inflate take input from a file and breaks into smaller chunks to do the compression/decompression and writes into the output file.
Search	Search refers to the natural language string matching such as 'find' in word processing. This algorithm matches a set of string fragments on a character stream in memory. Each pattern matching is done via parallel processing to know the count of that pattern on given set of character stream.
File read	File read/write allows random access to file's
File write	contents by enabling to open the files, seek to a



	particular location and read/write to that file location. This helps to read/write to any part of the file directly. In this workload input from a file in which random read/write is performed each of small block sizes.
External Sorting	This workload is a class of sorting algorithm that can handle massive amount of data and used when data being sorted cannot fit into the main memory of a computing device (usually RAM) and instead must reside in the slower external memory (usually a hard drive). This workload executes by splitting files unsorted files into many thousands of files by doing the quicksort for each split. In the merge phase, sorted subfiles are combined into a single larger file.
SQLite	SQLite is a relational database management system contained in a C library. It is arguably the most widely deployed database engines used today in browsers, operating systems, embedded systems (mobile phones), among others. SQLite workload executes thousands recursive SQL queries to create random blobs sizes to be inserted into the database.
Rendering Frames	This workload renders thousands of frames processing the buffers in parallel doing the computation.
Object Detection	Object detection is one of the most popular computer vision algorithms out there. Its goal is to find all the objects of interest on the video and output their bounding boxes. It is applied to really a wide range of objects – all the way from cars to bacteria. When we look at images or videos, we can easily locate and identify the objects of our interest within moments. You Only Look Once or more popularly known as YOLO is one of the fastest real-time object detection algorithms used in this workload. This workload is based on inference as it starts with the pre-trained model for images, videos and does multiple object detection of 720p video stream.



Image Colorization	Colorization is the process of taking an input
Video Colorization	grayscale (black and white) image/video stream and then producing a colorized output image/video that represents the semantic colors and tones of the input (for e.g., an ocean on a clear sunny day must be plausibly "blue" – it cannot be colored "hot pink" by the model.) The novel approach used in this workload relies on deep learning utilizing neural network based on Caffe models capable of colorizing black and white images.
	images and produces high dynamic range image. There are different ways to obtain HDR images but the most common one is to use photographs of the scene taken with different exposure values.
Face recognition	Face recognition is based on the geometric features of the face based on Eigenfaces method. A facial image is a point from a high-dimensional image space and a lower-dimensional representation is found where classification becomes easy. The workload take ORL database of faces contains ten different images of distinct subjects. For some subjects, the images were taken at different times, varying the lighting, facial expressions (open/closed eyes, smiling/not smiling) and facial details. The Eigenfaces model is trained with the images. The test image is provided to get the confidence of prediction.
Black Scholes (multi-threaded)	The workload is based on generating random
Black Scholes (single-threaded)	number based on a probability distribution. The random number then uses the additional inputs of volatility and time to expiration to generate a stock price. It uses pseudo random number generator based on a matrix linear recurrence over a finite binary field and provides fast generation. The generated stock price at the time of expiration is then used to calculate the value of the option. The model then calculates results over and over, each time using a different set of random values from the probability functions. Depending upon the model, the number of uncertainties and the probability distributions used, it uses tens of thousands of recalculations before it completes. It typically relies on the average of all the calculated results as an options price.
Video Tracking	The video tracking the goal is to find the object in
	the current frame given we have tracked the object successfully in all previous frames. This tracker tracks the object in both forward and backward directions in time for video.

Table 3 Workload Description



Workload Compilation

CrossMark uses Clang compiler based on open source compiler for the C family of programming languages for natively compiling workloads on different operating systems. Clang builds on the LLVM optimizer and code generator. CrossMark uses the -O2 optimization flag during compilation. Here is the version of Clang compiler used for each operating system:

- Windows Clang 10.0.0
- macOS Apple Clang 12.0.0
- iOS/iPadOS Apple Clang 12.0.0
- Android NDK r21 Toolchain



2.5 Workload Coefficient Mapping

The goal of workload coefficient mapping is to determine a coefficient for each CrossMark workload. BAPCo uses a set of 22 workloads with various sensitives to represent the performance of each of the seven sub scenarios (see section 2.3) in SYSmark 25. The coefficient mapping is done for each of the sub-scenarios (calibration workloads) to generate a set of workload coefficients. The set of workloads with its coefficients represents the performance of the calibration workload.





Here is a description of the mapping process shown in Figure 1:

- 1. Each of the CrossMark workloads is profiled to determine its sensitivity to various system components using a Windows 10 system. These components include CPU, Disk storage, Memory and GPU, sensitivity in addition to other secondary sensitivities. (While the exact same code base is used on all platforms, individual sensitivities may vary on other platforms.)
- 2. The targeted SYSmark 25 sub-scenarios are also profiled to determine the sensitivity to the same system components.
- 3. The matrix of sensitivities for both the CrossMark workloads and the target SYSmark 25 subscenario are put through a linear algebra solver which finds the best possible set of coefficients for each of the CrossMark workloads to represent the profiled sensitivities within the SYSmark 25 sub scenario.



4. These workload coefficients are configured into CrossMark and are used to scale the workload performance on the system under test to generate sub scenario scores and ultimately the overall CrossMark score.



2.6 Scoring Methodology

A complete CrossMark run will display the following performance ratings: CrossMark Overall Rating, a Productivity Rating, a Creativity Rating, and a Responsiveness Rating.

2.6.1 Workload Rating

Each workload is executed exactly once per benchmark iteration, and some workloads may appear in multiple sub-scenarios. This saves runtime and gives more consistent results. The rating for each workload is the calibration runtime divided by the measured runtime on the test system and multiplied by 1000. Workload ratings are not displayed in the benchmark output.

2.6.2 Sub Scenario Rating

The sub scenario rating is the sum of each of the workload ratings multiplied by the workload coefficients for the corresponding sub scenario, <u>see section 2.5</u>. Sub scenario ratings are not displayed in the benchmark output.

2.6.3 Productivity Rating

The Productivity Rating is calculated by taking the geometric mean of all the Document Editing (DE), Spreadsheets (SS), and Web Browsing (WB) sub scenario ratings (prior to rounding). The result is then rounded to the nearest integer.

2.6.4 Creativity Rating

The Creativity Rating is calculated by taking the geometric mean of all the Photo Editing (PE), Photo Organization (PO), and Video Editing (WB) sub scenario ratings (prior to rounding). The result is then rounded to the nearest integer.

2.6.5 Responsiveness Rating

The Responsiveness rating is simply the Responsiveness sub scenario rating taken as is.

2.6.6 Overall Rating

The CrossMark Overall Rating is calculated by taking the geometric mean of all seven of the sub scenario ratings (prior to rounding). The result is then rounded to the nearest integer. The goal of the CrossMark Overall Rating is to be within $\pm 5\%$ of the SYSmark 25 Overall Rating when running on an identical system with an identical configuration.



2.7 Calibration System

The calibration system is chosen in milestone 16 as a reference point for all other CrossMark results. BAPCo chose the configuration below for its wide availability and its representation of a typical mainstream PC at the time of release of CrossMark. This calibration system matches with SYSmark 25 calibration system as CrossMark shall give results that are comparable to SYSmark 25, which is the application-based benchmark from BAPCo.

CrossMark is calibrated in such a way that a PC with performance equivalent to this calibration system for a given workload will have a performance rating of 1000. A system twice as fast as the calibration system on a given workload (or, equivalently, that responds in half the time on average) will have a performance rating of 2000. This is true for both overall ratings and scenario ratings.

The calibration system for CrossMark has the following configuration:

- Lenovo[®] ThinkCentre[™] M720q
- Processor: Intel[®] Core[™] i5-8500T @ 2.10 GHz
- Operating System: Microsoft Windows 10 Pro x64 20H1 (10.0.0.1863.418)
- RAM: 1x8 GB DDR4 single channel
- Graphics: Intel[®] HD Graphics 630
- Resolution: 1920x1080
- Audio: Integrated High Definition Audio
- Storage: 256GB NVMe SSD
- Networking: Integrated Gigabit Ethernet

A fresh operating system installation is performed on the system (not an OEM factory optimized image).

The calibration sum for each sub scenario is obtained according to the following process:

- Run CrossMark on the calibration system (conditioning run enabled, 3 iterations)
- For each sub scenario we:
 - Identify the median iteration by finding the iteration with the median sub scenario rating score.
 - \circ $\;$ The calibration sum for the sub scenario is the response time total from that sub scenario in the median iteration.

For more details about the configuration of the calibration system, please contact support@bapco.com.

The CrossMark calibration system is the basis for determining the reference scores for the benchmark only and is not intended as an example of minimum system requirement. Refer <u>Appendix B</u> for information on minimum system requirements.



2.8 Cross Platform Comparisons

One of the main goals of CrossMark is to provide a measure of system performance across multiple platforms. These are the processes BAPCo followed:

The workload contributions to the overall rating are determined during Workload Coefficient Mapping refer section 2.5. The calibration system score is determined during benchmark calibration refer section 2.7. These processes are done one time and used for all systems on all platforms. Here are few more considerations:

- The same source code is used on all platforms. The majority of the code that is executed in this benchmark is code that is compiled directly from the C/C++ code supplied within the benchmark. Avoiding unnecessary system libraries makes the workloads as comparable as possible.
- Workloads are compiled natively on each platform (x86_64, ARM64) using comparable compilers (see section 2.4.2.) and flags. BAPCo may add new architectures in future to support other platforms.



3 Workload Characteristics

This section provides data illustrating the performance characteristics of CrossMark version 1.0.0.73.

3.1 Sensitivity Analysis

The series of charts below shows the sensitivity of CrossMark to different system characteristics, including the amount of CPU frequency, number of CPU cores, storage, graphics adapter, system memory, and display resolution.

Within each study only one system component (e.g. memory) is varied. All the other system components are held constant. To best illustrate the sensitivity, one configuration is chosen as a baseline and the ratings for the other configurations are shown as the percentage difference relative to the baseline.

Due to system implementation differences, these figures are only accurate for the configuration description listed below in each sub-section. These sensitivities will vary from one configuration to the next.

Sensitivity Analysis Base System Configuration

CPU Model	Intel Core i9-10900k
Base CPU Frequency	3.7 GHz
CPU uArch	Intel [®] Core 10900k Series Processors
Physical Cores	10
Logical Cores	20
Chipset	Z490
RAM	2 x 8GB DDR4-2933 (16 GB Total)
Storage	Intel 660p SSD, 512 GB M.2 NVMe
OS	Windows* 10 x64 May 2019 Update aka "20H1"
Resolution	1920 x 1080 @ 60 Hz
Graphics	GeForce* RTX* 2060

Note: For these tests, Intel Turbo Boost Technology and Intel Hyper-Threading Technology have been disabled to better highlight the specific component being tested in each sensitivity study.



3.1.1 Sensitivity to CPU Frequency

The CPU frequency of a system is changed from 1.8 GHz to 3.6 GHz in steps of 600 MHz



Figure 2 CPU Frequency Sensitivity

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3.1.2 Sensitivity to CPU Core Count

The number of CPU cores is controlled by changing system BIOS settings to enable 2 cores, then 4 cores, 6 cores, 8 cores and finally all 10 cores of a 10-core processor.



Figure 3 CPU Core Count Sensitivity





Figure 4 SYSmark25 vs CrossMark CPU Core & Frequency Sensitivity Comparison



3.1.3 Sensitivity to Storage

The primary storage device is changed according to the figure below. A Seagate 500GB 5400RPM hard drive, Western Digital 7200RPM SATA III 1TB hard drive, Intel[®] SSD 545s, Intel[®] SSD 660p and Intel[®] Optane[™] SSD 900p



Figure 5 Storage Sensitivity





Figure 6 Storage Sensitivity SYSmark 25 vs CrossMark



3.1.4 Sensitivity to System Memory Capacity

The total system memory is changed from 4 GB single channel, 8 GB Single Channel, 16 GB Single Channel, 4 GB dual channel, 8 GB dual channel and 16 GB dual channel. The memory type for all tests is DDR4-2666. We compare single channel, dual channel, and single vs. dual channel.



Figure 7 System Memory Sensitivity (Single Channel)





Figure 8 System Memory Sensitivity (Dual Channel)



Figure 9 System Memory Channel Sensitivity (Single vs. Dual Channel)





Figure 10 SYSmark25 vs CrossMark Memory Channel Sensitivity Comparison



3.1.6 Sensitivity to Graphics Subsystem

The video card is changed according to the table below. For these tests, we used discrete video cards all from the same manufacturer to ensure the graphics driver family from each configuration was constant. A Nvidia GeForce[®] GT 1030, GeForce[®] GTX 1650, GeForce RTX[™] 2060, and GeForce RTX[™] 2080 Ti were used.



Figure 11 Graphics Subsystem Sensitivity



3.1.7 Sensitivity to Display Resolution

The display resolution is changed according to the figure below using integrated graphics.



Figure 12 Display Resolution Sensitivity





Figure 13 GPU/Display Resolution Sensitivity SYSmark 25 vs CrossMark



3.2 System Configuration Tool Items List

The system configuration settings are recommended to be made before running CrossMark to obtain repeatable scores and minimize the occurrence of errors on Windows 10 and macOS platforms. When testing CrossMark on notebook systems/phones/tablets, please be sure the system or device is plugged into AC power for best results. This section gives an overview of the required settings followed by the steps to make the required modification in system settings.

Note: Some of these settings is via registry editor. Here is the link below to back up your current setting in the registry editor. This shall help to restore the original setting back by importing them after test is run for system to return to original state

3.2.1 Required settings

Make configuration changes that are required for the benchmark to run to match the results of SYSmark 25.

3.2.1.1 Disable User Account Control (UAC)

Disables User Account Control to prevent Administrator elevation prompts from appearing during benchmark runs. The system must be rebooted to apply this change.

3.2.1.2 Disable Low Battery Actions

Prevents the system from shutting down or from posting a warning when the battery reaches the low level.

3.2.1.3 <u>Disable Windows Update</u>

Disables the Windows update service.

3.2.1.4 Disable WinSAT service

Disables the WinSAT service

- 3.2.1.5 <u>Disable Windows Search</u> Disables Windows search service.
- 3.2.1.6 <u>Disable Diagnostic policy service</u> Disables Diagnostic policy service.

3.2.1.7 Disable SysMain service

Disables SysMain service.

3.2.1.8 <u>Create BAPCo Power Scheme</u>

Creates a new power scheme named "BAPCo CrossMark" based on the system's currently active power scheme. If applied, all subsequent power profile configuration changes will be applied to

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the newly created power scheme. If this option is not enabled, all power profile configuration changes will be applied to the currently active power scheme.

3.2.1.9 <u>Set Power Plan Type to "High Performance"</u>

Sets the "Power Plan Type" option (sometimes referred to as "Power Plan Personality") of the active power scheme to "High Performance". This setting tags the active power plan with an overall personality that favors performance over energy savings. Drivers and applications may query this setting to determine their respective performance vs energy savings behavior. This option may be used whether or not the "Create BAPCo Power Scheme" option is checked. If "Create BAPCo Power Scheme" is not enabled, "Set Power Plan Type" will be applied to the currently active power scheme.

3.2.1.10 Set CPU High Performance

Sets the minimum and maximum value for CPU performance state to 100% to prevent CPU throttling on both AC and DC power.

3.2.1.11 Disable Windows Defender

Sets Windows Defender to disabled. If Tamper Protection is turned on, this setting can't be altered.

3.2.1.12 Disable Tamper protection

Disables tamper protection to allow the Windows defender to be disabled.

3.2.1.13 Disable Hard Disk Timeout

Prevents the hard disk from going to sleep

3.2.1.14 Ignore Laptop Lid Close

Prevents the system from going to sleep if the lid is closed during a benchmark run



3.2.2 Steps for modifying each setting

Following are the methods to modify the system settings for each platform.

3.2.2.1 Windows 10

3.2.2.1.1 Adjust the power and performance settings in Windows 10

- a) Click Windows 10 start menu icon **B** and select Settings [©] > System > Power & Sleep.
- b) Click the 'Additional power settings' option found under 'Related settings' on right side of the window.
- c) Click the 'Create a power plan' option as shown in (Figure 11).

\$	Power Options	Ν
-	→ ↑ ↑ ♦ × Control Panel	। > Hardware and Sound > Power Options
	Control Panel Home	Choose or customize a power plan
	Choose what the power buttons do	A power plan is a collection of hardware and system settings (like display brig how your computer uses power. <u>Tell me more about power plans</u>
	Create a power plan	Preferred plans
Ð	Choose when to turn off the	Balanced (recommended)
	Fi	gure 14 Power options window

d) The Balanced is selected by default. To use a power plan other than the balanced power plan, select it before proceeding. Otherwise, under plan name, type 'CrossMark' as the name to the new power scheme and click 'Next' button (Figure 12).

le Create a Power Plan	
🔶 🚽 🛧 🗃 > Control Panel > Hardware and Sound > Power Options > Create a Power Plan	5 V
Create a power plan	
Start with an existing plan and give it a name.	
Balanced (recommended) Automatically balances performance with energy consumption on capable hardware.	
O Power saver Saves energy by reducing your computer's performance where possible.	
 High performance Favors performance, but may use more energy. 	
Plan name: CrossMark	
Next Can	icel

Figure 15 Name the power plan



- e) Keep the default selection for the below options and click the 'Create' button to create the power scheme named CrossMark (Figure 13).
 - Turn off the display
 - Put the computer to sleep

B Edit Plan Settings	_	×
← → ✓ ↑ 🍞 > Control Panel > All Control Panel Items > Power Options > Edit Plan Settings 🗸 🖑	Search Control Panel	Q
Change settings for the plan: CrossMark Choose the sleep and display settings that you want your computer to use.		
2 Turn off the display: Never ~		
Put the computer to sleep: Never ~		
Create Cance	I	

Figure 16 Create the power plan

f) Click on 'Change plan settings' link to the right of the newly created CrossMark power plan which is the active plan now.

g) Click 'Change advanced power settings' to open the advanced settings dialog and configure the follow settings (Figure 14). For notebooks, configure the 'Plugged in' setting. The 'On Battery' setting may be ignored

					- 0	×			
rdware and Sound > Power Option	ns → Edit Plan Settings		~	Ō	Search Control Panel	م			
Change settings for the p Choose the sleep and display sett	lan: CrossMark tings that you want your c	computer to use.		A	Power Options dvanced settings	_	G	?	
Turn off the display:Put the computer to sleep:	Never	× ×			Select the power plan then choose settings t computer to manage	that you wa that reflect I power.	ant to custo how you wa	mize, and int your	í
Change advanced power settings	6				CrossMark [Active] Sleep USB settings Intel(R) Graphics Settings		~		
		Save changes	Cancel		PCI Express Processor power manager Minimum processor st Setting (%): 100 System cooling policy	ment tate			
					Maximum processor s Display Multimedia settings	tate <u>R</u> e	estore plan (defaults	,
				-		OK	Cancel	A	pp

Figure 17 Advanced power settings

- Processor power management > Minimum processor state > set to 100%
- Battery > Critical battery level > set to 0% (notebooks only)
- Battery > Critical battery action > set to 'Do Nothing' (notebooks only)



- Battery > Low battery level > set to 0% (notebooks only)
- Battery > Low battery notification > set to 'Off' (notebooks only)
- Battery > Low battery action > set to 'Do Nothing' (notebooks only)
- Battery > Reserve battery level > set to 0% (notebooks only)
- Power buttons and lid > Lid close action > set to 'Do Nothing' (notebooks only)
- Power buttons and lid > Power button action > set to 'Do Nothing'
- Power buttons and lid > Sleep button action > set to 'Do Nothing'
- Hard disk > Turn off hard disk after > set to 'Never'
 - a) Click 'Apply' to save the changes, then click 'OK' to close the advanced settings dialog.
 - b) Close the power plan settings window.

3.2.2.1.2 Set Power Plan Type to "High Performance"

- a) To set the power plan personality to High performance, hit Windows+X and choose the 'Windows PowerShell (Admin)' option to open PowerShell with administrative privileges. At the prompt, type (or copy and paste) the following command and then hit Enter (Figure 15): powercfg.exe -SETACVALUEINDEX SCHEME_CURRENT SUB_NONE 245d8541-3943-4422b025-13a784f679b7 1
- b) Close the PowerShell window.



Figure 18: Power plan personality settings

3.2.2.1.3 Disable WinSAT

- a) Go to Windows start **I** and type 'task scheduler' in the search field and click 'Task Scheduler' in the search results.
- b) Browse to Task Scheduler Library > Microsoft > Windows > Maintenance.



c) Right click on WinSAT option from the right-side pane, select 'Disable' and close the window (Figure 16).

Task Scheduler		- 6 X
File Action View Help		
💠 🐟 🙍 📰 📓 🗊		
(1) Task Scheduler (Local)	None Dates Tenne MecDer Tenn Last Der Tenn Last Der Berch Johns Control	Actions
✓ [☐ Task Scheduler Library	Name satus ingges i vext kun inne. Last kun inne. Last kun kesut Author Createa	Maintenance
✓	No winsan Ready Run. Run	(Courter Barrie Tech
> OneCore	End	Create basic task
Windows	Disable 1	Create Task
Artise Directory Rights Managema	Event	Import Task
Accil Accil	Desertion	Display All Running Tasks
Application Experience	Projectico Distan	Enable All Tasks History
ApplicationData	Dette	
AppxDeploymentClient		New rolden.
Autochk		× Delete Folder
BitLocker		View
Bluetooth		G Refresh
CartificateSeniracCient		E Help
Chirds		I Hep
Clip		Selected Item
CloudExperienceHost		Run
Customer Experience Improvemen	Constant and a second a second a second a second second as	. fod
Data Integrity Scan	Umman inggers Actions Conations Settings History (alsoled)	B. Bushin
Defrag	Name: WinSAT	- UTLADIE
Device Information	Increase Microsoft/Windows/Maintenance	Export_
Device Setup	Andrea Microsoft	e Properties
Diamosis	Autorio microsofia	X Delete
DirectX	Description: Measures a system's performance and capacitotes	E Hele
DiskCleanup		
DiskDiagnostic		
DiskFootprint		
DUSM		
EDP		
EnterpriseMgmt		
ExploitGuard		
Ele Classification infrastructure		
EleHistory		
> 🛗 Flighting		
HelloFace		
input 🔅		
InstallService		
International	Security options	
LanguageComponentsinstaller	When running the task, use the following user account:	
License månåger	BUILTINAdministrators	
(Location	iei Run only when user is logged on	
Maintenance	C Run whether user is logged on or not	
> Management	Do not store password. The task will only have access to local resources	
Maps	Contraction between and discourse	
MemoryDiagnostic	See your work burneders	
Mobile Broadband Accounts	Hidden Configure for: Windows 10	-
< >>		

Figure 19 Task Scheduler to disable WinSAT

- 3.2.2.1.4 Disable all Windows updates
 - a) Go to Windows start 🛢 and select Settings ⁽²⁾ > Update & Security > Windows Update



b) Select 'Advanced options' from the Windows on the right and turn off all the options as shown in Figure 17 below.

← Settings
Advanced entions
a Advanced options
Update options
Receive updates for other Microsoft products when you update Windows
Off Off
Download updates over metered connections (extra charges may apply)
Off Off
Restart this device as soon as possible when a restart is required to install an update. Windows will display a notice before the restart, and the device must be on and plugged in.
Off Off
Update notifications
Show a notification when your PC requires a restart to finish updating
Off Off
Pause updates
Temporarily pause updates from being installed on this device for up to 35 days. When you reach the pause limit, your device will need to get new updates before you can pause again.
Pause until
Select date 🗸
Delivery Optimization
Privacy settings

Figure 20 Settings options to disable Windows update

3.2.2.1.5 Disable tamper protection

- a) Go to Windows start **P** and select Settings ⁽²⁾ > Update & Security > Windows Security.
- b) Switch to Virus and Threat Protection. Select Manage Settings.
- c) Scroll down to find Tamper Protection and toggle to 'Off'.
- d) Close the Windows Security settings window
- 5. Disable Windows Search, Diagnostic Policy Service and SysMain services
- a) Go to Windows start **and** type 'services' in the search field and click 'Services' in the search results.
- b) Find the 'Diagnostic policy service' from the list. Right click on the service and click 'Stop'.
- c) Double click on the service and set 'Startup type' option to 'Disabled'. Click Apply to save the changes and then click 'Ok' to return to Service window.
- d) Find 'Windows Search' from the list. Right click on the service and click 'Stop'.
- e) Double click on the service and set 'Startup type' option to 'Disabled'. Click Apply to save the changes and then click 'Ok' to return to Service window.
- f) Find 'SysMain' from the list. Right-click on the service and select Stop (Figure 18). If you're running an older version of Windows, right-click on the SuperFetch service and select Stop.



g) Double click on the service and set 'Startup type' option to 'Disabled' (Figure 19). Click Apply to save the changes and then click 'Ok' to return to Service window. Click the 'X' close button to close the window.

iysMain	Name		Description
	Steam Client Service		Steam Client Service moni
top the service	Still Image Acquisition	Events	Launches applications ass
estant the service	Storage Service		Provides enabling service
	Storage Tiers Manager	nent	Optimizes the placement
escription:	Sync Host_7a4cf		This service synchronizes
faintains and improves system	SysMain		Maintains and improves s
enormance over anne.	System Event Notif	Start	Monitors system events a
	System Events Brok	Stop	Coordinates execution of
	System Guard Runt	Pause	Monitors and attests to t
	Carl Task Scheduler	Resume	Enables a user to configur.
	CP/IP NetBIOS Hel	Postart	Provides support for the
	Carlephony Telephony	Restart	Provides Telephony API (T.,
	Chemes	All Tasks	Provides user experience t
	Charles Broker	Refeet	Coordinates execution of
	Touch Keyboard an	Kerresh	Enables Touch Keyboard
	🖾 Update Orchestratc	Properties	Manages Windows Updat.
	Character Host	Mala	Allows UPnP devices to be
	🔄 User Data Access_7i	neip	Provides apps access to st

Figure 21 Services option to stop SysMain service

	SysMain Propertie	es (Local Compute	er)	>	<
al)	General Log On	Recovery Dep	endencies		
	Service name: Display name:	SysMain SysMain			ervice moni ications ass ing service
oves syste me.	Path to executab	Maintains and im time. le: stem32\sychost.ex	proves system perfo e -k LocalSvstemNet	workRestricted -o	placement _ nchronizes _ improves s m events a
	Startup type:	Automatic			ecution of _
		Automatic (Dela Automatic Manual	yed Start)		to configur.
	Service status:	Disabled Stopped		₽	hony API (T_
					twoononco t

Figure 22 Services option to disable SysMain service



3.2.2.1.6 Disable Windows defender

- 1. Method 1 Using Group policy editor (Recommended)
 - a) Go to Windows start **I** and type 'group policy' in the search field and click 'Edit group policy' in the search results. If 'Edit group policy' is not present in the search result, follow the steps from 'Using Registry editor'
 - b) Browse to Computer Configuration > Administrative Templates > Windows Components
 > Microsoft Defender Antivirus. On the right pane of the Local Group Policy Editor window, double-click the 'Turn off Microsoft Defender Antivirus' policy (Figure 20).
 - c) Select Enabled and click Apply. Click OK to save the setting

Figure 23 Local Group Policy Editor options to disable Windows defender

					 _
Credential User Interface	Microsoft Defender Antivirus				
Uata Collection and Preview Builds	Turn off Microsoft Defender	Setting	State	Comment	
Delivery Optimization	Antivirus	Cleant Interface			
Desktop Gadgets		Evolution			
Desktop Window Manager	Edit <u>policy setting</u>	MARS			
Device and Driver Compatibility	Requirements	Microsoft Defender Evnloit Guard			
Digital Locker	At least Windows Vista	MeEngine			
Edge UI		Network Inspection Surtem			
Event Forwarding	Description	Ouerantine			
> Event Log Service	Defender Antivinis	Real-time Protection			
Event Logging	Pool and the mast	Remediation			
Event Viewer	If you enable this policy setting,	Remediation			
> 📑 File Explorer	Microsoft Defender Antivirus does	Care Care			
File History	for malware or other potentially	Consider Intelligences Findates			
Find My Device	unwanted software.	Decurity intelligence opdates			
Handwriting		2 Inreats	N		
HomeGroup	If you disable this policy setting,	[2] Allow anomalware service to startup with normal priority	Not conrigured	140	
> 🛄 Internet Explorer	Microsoft Defender Antivirus will run	Turn off Microsoft Derender Antivirus	Enabled	No	
Internet Information Services	antivirus product.	Configure local administrator merge behavior for lists	Not configured	NO	
) Cocation and Sensors		I fum off routine remediation	Not configured	TNO .	
Maintenance Scheduler	If you do not configure this policy	Define addresses to bypass proxy server	Not configured	INO	
Maps 1	setting, Windows will internally manage Microsoft Defender	Define proxy auto-config (.pac) for connecting to the netwo	Not configured	No	
MDM .	Antivirus. If you install another	Define proxy server for connecting to the network	Not configured	NO	
Messaging	antivirus program, Windows	E Kandomize scheduled task times	Not configured	No	
Microsoft account	automatically disables Microsoft	Configure detection for potentially unwanted applications	Not configured	No	
Microsoft Defender Antivirus	Microsoft Defender Antivirus will	Allow antimalware service to remain running always	Not configured	No	
Microsoft Defender Application Guard	scan your computers for malware				
Microsoft Defender Exploit Guard	and other potentially unwanted				
Microsoft Eage	software.				
Microsoft User Experience Vistualization	Enabling or disabling this policy				
NetMeeting	may lead to unexpected or				
OpeDrive	unsupported behavior. It is				
Online Assistance	recommended that you leave this				
CORF.	policy setting unconfigured.				
Portable Operating System					
Presentation Settings					
Push To Install					
Bemote Deskton Services					



- 2. Method 2 Using Registry editor
 - a) Go to Windows start **II** and type 'regedit' in the search field and click 'Registry Editor' in the search results.
 - b) Go to HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE > SOFTWARE > Policies > Microsoft > Windows Defender. Right click on 'Windows Defender'. Click New > Key > DWORD (32-bit) Value. Type 'DisableAntiSpyware' and hit Enter on keyboard.
 - c) Double click on the 'DisableAntiSpyware' DWORD just created and type 1 in the value data field. Click OK. (Figure 21)



Additional settings required only for Windows version: Windows 10 2004.19041.450 and above to globally turn off security setting including defender.

Windows security center is an additional setting that is required to be disabled for Windows version 2004.19041.450 and above. Below are the steps to disable Windows security center using regedit.

- a) Go to Windows start III and type 'regedit' in the search field and click 'Registry Editor' in the search results.
- b) Go to HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE > SYSTEM > CurrentControlSet > Services > SecurityHealthService. Double click on the 'Start' DWORD and type 4 in the value data field. Click OK.
- c) Go to HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE > SYSTEM > CurrentControlSet > Services > wscsvc. Double click on the 'Start' DWORD and type 4 in the value data field. Click OK. Reboot the machine.

uter\HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWAR	E\Policies\I	Microsoft\Windows Defender		
HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE(SOFTWAR HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE BCD0000000 HARDWARE SAM SECURITY SOFTWARE AGEIA Technologies ASIO Classes Clients CVSM DefaultUserEnvironment DTS Google Intel Macromedia ManageableUpdatePackage Microsoft NVIDIA Corporation ODBC OEM Partner Policies Microsoft VICIA Corporation ODBC OEM Partner Policies Microsoft Cryptography PeerDist Peernet SystemCertificates TPM Windows Windows Advanced Three	at Prote	Name (Default) DisableAntiSpyware	Type REG_SZ REG_DWORD	Data (value not set) 0x00000001 (1)

Figure 24 Disable Windows defender using Registry editor



3.2.2.1.7 Disable User Account Control Settings

Method 1 - Using Group policy editor (Recommended)

- a) Go to Windows start and type 'group policy' in the search field and click 'Edit group policy' in the search results. If 'Edit group policy' is not present in the search result, follow the steps from 'Using Registry editor'
- Browse to Computer Configuration > Windows Settings > Security Settings > Local Policies > Security Options. On the right pane of the Local Group Policy Editor window, double-click the setting: 'User Account Control: Behavior of the elevation prompt for administrators in Admin Approval Mode' policy (Figure 22).
- c) In the drop down menu, select 'Elevate without prompting' and click apply
- d) Click OK to save the setting and return to the Group Policy editor window.
- e) In Group Policy Editor window, locate the item 'User Account Control: Run all administrators in Admin Approval Mode' and double click it
- f) Select 'Disabled' and click apply
- g) Click OK to return to the Group Policy editor window.
- h) Close the Group Policy editor Windows
- i) Reboot the machine for all the above changes to take effect.

Local Group Policy Editor		
File Action View Help		
🗢 🔿 🙍 📰 🗙 🖬 🔒 🚺 🗊		
Local Computer Policy	Policy	Security Setting
Computer Configuration	Retwork access: Do not allow anonymous enumeration of SAM accounts and shares	Disabled
> 🦲 Software Settings	Network access: Do not allow storage of passwords and credentials for network authentication	Disabled
✓	Network access: Let Everyone permissions apply to anonymous users	Disabled
Name Resolution Policy	Network access: Named Pipes that can be accessed anonymously	
Scripts (Startup/Shutdown)	Network access: Remotely accessible registry paths	System\CurrentControlS
> E Deployed Printers	Network access: Remotely accessible registry paths and sub-paths	System\CurrentControlS
Security Settings	Network access: Restrict anonymous access to Named Pipes and Shares	Enabled
> Account Policies	Network access: Restrict clients allowed to make remote calls to SAM	Not Defined
Audit Policy	Network access: Shares that can be accessed anonymously	Not Defined
User Rights Assignment	Network access: Sharing and security model for local accounts	Classic - local users auth
Security Ontions	Network security: Allow Local System to use computer identity for NTLM	Not Defined
Windows Defender Firewall with	Network security: Allow LocalSystem NULL session fallback	Not Defined
Network List Manager Policies	Network security: Allow PK1/211 authentication requests to this computer to use online identities	Not Defined
> Public Key Policies	Network security: Configure encryption types allowed for Kerberos	Not Defined
> Contract Software Restriction Policies	Network security: Do not store LAN Manager bash value on next nassword change	Enabled
Application Control Policies	Network security: Force logoff when logon hours expire	Disabled
> 🧕 IP Security Policies on Local Con	Network security: I AN Manager authentication level	Not Defined
> 🧾 Advanced Audit Policy Configur	Network security: DAR client signing requirements	Negotiate signing
> policy-based QoS	Network security. EXAP client signing requirements	Require 128-bit encounti
> 🚞 Administrative Templates	Network security: Minimum session security for NTLM SSP based (including secure RPC) servers	Require 128-bit encryption
🗸 😢 User Configuration	Network security. Withinfully session security for when sor based (including secure kree) servers	Net Defined
Software Settings	Network security. Restrict NTLM. Add remote server exceptions for Michael addition	Not Defined
> indows Settings	Intervolk security: Restrict NTEM: Add server exceptions in this domain	Not Defined
> Administrative Templates	Network security, Restrict WTEW, Audit Incoming Wielwinance	Not Defined
	Network security: Restrict INTERN Addit INTERN additional ments domain	Not Defined
	In the work security: Restrict INTER: Incoming INTER that the demain	Not Defined
	Interview security: Restrict NTEM: NTEM addrend cation in this domain	Not Defined
	Network security: Restrict N ILM: Outgoing N ILM traffic to remote servers	Not Defined
	W Recovery console: Allow automatic administrative logon	Disabled
	Children Allene Allene the built deners the the test being to be an	Disabled Fachlad
	W Shutdown: Allow system to be shut down without having to log on	Enabled
	i Shutdown: Clear virtual memory pagefile	Disabled
	System cryptography: Force strong key protection for user keys stored on the computer	Not Defined
	System cryptography: Use FIPS compliant algorithms for encryption, hashing, and signing	Disabled
	System objects: Require case insensitivity for non-Windows subsystems	Enabled
	System objects: Strengthen default permissions of internal system objects (e.g. Symbolic Links)	Enabled
	🗑 System settings: Optional subsystems	Name of the second s
	System settings: Use Certificate Rules on Windows Executables for Software Restriction Policies	Disabled
	🤤 User Account Control: Admin Approval Mode for the Built-in Administrator account	Not Defined
	User Account Control: Allow UIAccess applications to prompt for elevation without using the secure desktop	Disabled
	User Account Control: Behavior of the elevation prompt for administrators in Admin Approval Mode	Elevate without prompti
	User Account Control: Behavior of the elevation prompt for standard users	Prompt for credentials
	in User Account Control: Detect application installations and prompt for elevation	Enabled
	W User Account Control: Only elevate executables that are signed and validated	Disabled
	User Account Control: Only elevate UIAccess applications that are installed in secure locations	Enabled
	🤤 User Account Control: Run all administrators in Admin Approval Mode	Disabled
	User Account Control: Switch to the secure desktop when prompting for elevation	Enabled
	i User Account Control: Virtualize file and registry write failures to per-user locations	Enabled



Figure 25 Disable UAC settings using Local group policy editor

Method 2 - Using Registry editor

- a) Go to Windows start **I** and type 'regedit' in the search field and click 'Registry Editor' in the search results.
- b) Go to HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE > SOFTWARE > Microsoft > Windows > CurrentVersion > Policies > System.
- c) Double click on the 'EnableLUA' DWORD and type 0 in the value data field. Click OK.
- d) Double click on the 'ConsentPromptBehaviorAdmin' DWORD and type 0 in the value data field. Click OK. (Figure 23)
- e) Reboot the machine for all the above changes to take effect.

📫 Registry	Edito	r				
ile Edit	View	Fav	rorites Help			
omputer\H	IKEY_L	OCA	L_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Policies\System			
		>	Flighting	Name	Type	Data
		\$	GameInput	Non-Courte	1995 1955 67	(active and act)
			GameInstaller	(Derault)	REG_SZ	(value not set)
		>	Group Policy	ConsentPromptBenaviorAdmin	REG_DWORD	0x0000000 (0)
			Hardwareldentification	ConsentPromptBehaviorUser	REG_DWORD	0x0000001 (1)
			HelpAndSupport	disablecad	REG_DWORD	0x0000001 (1)
			Hints	dontdisplaylastusername	REG_DWORD	0x00000000 (0)
		>	Holographic	DSCAutomationHostEnabled	REG_DWORD	0x00000002 (2)
		>	HoloSi	EnableCursorSuppression	REG_DWORD	0x00000001 (1)
		>	HomeGroup	EnableFirstLogonAnimation	REG_DWORD	0x00000000 (0)
		>	IME	EnableFullTrustStartupTasks	REG_DWORD	0x0000002 (2)
		>	ImmersiveShell	EnableInstallerDetection	REG_DWORD	0x00000000 (0)
		>	Installer	100 EnableLUA	REG_DWORD	0x00000000 (0)
		>	InstallService	8 EnableSecureUIAPaths	REG_DWORD	0x00000000 (0)
		>	Internet Settings	😻 EnableUIADesktopToggle	REG_DWORD	0x00000001 (1)
		-	LanguageComponentsInstaller	🕫 EnableUwpStartupTasks	REG_DWORD	0x00000002 (2)
		>	Live	80 EnableVirtualization	REG_DWORD	0x00000001 (1)
		>	Lock Screen	👪 FilterAdministratorToken	REG_DWORD	0x00000001 (1)
		>	Management Infrastructure	3 HideFastUserSwitching	REG_DWORD	0x00000001 (1)
			MDM	ab legalnoticecaption	REG_SZ	
		>	Media Center	ab legalnoticetext	REG_SZ	
			MicrosoftEdge	maxdevicepasswordfailedatte	REG DWORD	0x0000000a (10)
		>	MMDevices	100 MaxGPOScriptWait	REG DWORD	0x00000078 (120)
		>	NcdAutoSetup	200 noconnecteduser	REG DWORD	0x0000003 (3)
		2	NetCache	200 PromptOnSecureDesktop	REG DWORD	0x00000001 (1)
		2	NetworkService Inggers	8 RunStartunScriptSvnc	REG DWORD	0x0000000 (0)
		2	Notifications	Scforceontion	REG DWORD	0x00000000 (0)
		-	OEMInformation	shutdownwithoutlogon	REG DWORD	0×00000001 (1)
			OneDriveRamps	SupportFullTrustStartupTasks	REG_DWORD	0×00000001 (1)
		2	Onesettings	Support dimuscularup Tasks	REG_DWORD	0.00000001 (1)
		2	OOBE	with a short be and a short be a	REG_DWORD	0.00000001 (1)
			Openwith	WWWalidate Advaria Carda Cineraturas	REG_DWORD	0.00000000 (0)
		1	OptimalLayout	and validateAdminCodeSignatures	REG_DWORD	0x00000000 (0)
		1	Parental Controls PercentionSimulationExtensions	ue verdosestatus	KEG_DWOKD	0x0000001(1)
			PerceptionomulationExtensions			
			Personalization			
		3	Policier			
		Ť T	ActiveDesition			
			Associations			
			Attachments			
			DataCollection			
		11	- Explorer			
		5	Ext			
			NonEnum			
			Servicing			
		~	System			
			Audit			
			> KDC			
			> kerberos			

Figure 26 Disable UAC settings using Registry Editor



3.2.2.1.8 Backup Windows Registry

- a) Go to Windows start III and type 'regedit' in the search field and click 'Registry Editor' in the search results.
- b) In the Registry Editor window, right click **Computer** at the top left-hand side, and click **Export** (Figure 24).
- c) Give the backup file a name and save it in a flash drive or cloud storage

File E	gistry Editor dit View Fa	avorites Help	in an	 .	×
Compu	ter				
✓ □ (> ○	Comput HKEY	Collapse	Name		Туре
2	HKEY	Export			
	HKEY	Disconnes			
>	HKEY_CURR	RENT_CONFIG			
			<		1

Figure 27 Back up Windows default registry



3.2.2.2 MacOS

3.2.2.2.1 Adjust the performance and sleep settings for MacOS

a) On your Mac, choose Apple menu System Preferences, then click Energy Saver. Set 'Turn display off after' slider to 'Never'. Set the other checkboxes as shown in Figure 25 below. Note: The setting for Automatic graphics switching will only appear on Macs which are equipped with discrete graphics cards.

	Energy Saver		Q Search
 Automatic graphics switching Your computer will automatically 	switch between graphic Battery Power Ad	s modes for better b apter	battery life.
Turn display off after:	Never letting your display go	o to sleep may shorten	its life 3 hrs Never
Prevent computer from sleep	ping automatically when	the display is off	
Put hard disks to sleep wher	n possible		
Wake for Wi-Fi network acce	ess		
Enable Power Nap while plug While sleeping, your Mac can bac calendar, and other iCloud updat	gged into a power adapte ck up using Time Machine ar es	er nd periodically check fo	or new email,
Battery is charged.			Restore Defaults
Show battery status in menu bar		Battery Health	Schedule ?

Figure 28 MacOS Energy Saver settings



4 APPENDIX A: Application Contribution

The following chart shows the approximate contribution of each application to the CrossMark version 1.0.0.73 scenario ratings on the calibration system (see section 2.7).

Due to system implementation differences, this chart is accurate for the calibration system. These contributions will vary from one system to the next.



Figure 29 Overall Workload contribution



5 APPENDIX B: Minimum System Requirements

CrossMark has the following requirements based upon the minimum system specifications of the applications installed and used in the benchmark. BAPCo will only provide technical support for systems which meet or exceed these requirements.

Windows:

- **CPU**: 2015 or newer x86 processor (Intel 6th Generation Core or AMD 7000 series APU)
- **RAM:** 4 GB
- HDD/SSD: 10GB of free space on the primary drive
- Operating System: Microsoft® Windows® 10 64-bit version 1803 (RS4) or higher
- **Resolution:** 1024x768 or 1366x768
- Language Localization of Application on Windows 10/11: English (US), Brazilian Portuguese, Simplified Chinese, French, German, Russian, Japanese, Polish, Spanish (SP) based on language settings of the operating systems. For all other languages, it defaults to English.

macOS:

- **RAM:** 4 GB
- Operating System: OSX 10.9.5(2015) or later
- **Resolution:** 1024x768 or 1366x768
- Language Localization of Application on macOS: English (US), Brazilian Portuguese, Simplified Chinese, French, German, Russian, Japanese, Polish, Spanish (SP) based on language settings of the operating systems. For all other languages, it defaults to English.

iOS/iPadOS:

- **RAM:** 4 GB
- **Operating System:** iOS 12.0 version or higher
- Language Localization of Application on iOS/iPadOS: English (US), Brazilian Portuguese, Simplified Chinese, French, German, Russian, Japanese, Polish, Spanish (SP) based on language settings of the operating systems. For all other languages, it defaults to English.

Android:

- **RAM:** 4 GB
- Operating System: Android 8.0 (API 26) or higher
- Language Localization of Application on Android: English (US), Brazilian Portuguese, Simplified Chinese, French, German, Russian, Japanese, Polish, Spanish (SP) based on language settings of the operating systems. For all other languages, it defaults to English.



6 APPENDIX C: Screenshots

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Figure 30 CrossMark EULA



Ove	erall Score	Produc	stivity	Creativity	Resp	oonsiveness
omparis	on Chart					
1500						
1200					•	Overall
900					•	Productivity
600						Responsiveness
300						Calibration

Figure 31 CrossMark main GUI interface



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E COS	Project Name project001 Number of Iterations - 1 + Scenario Run Settings Productvity Creativity () Creativity () Responsiveness	
Settings	Other Run Settings Condition Run Auto Submission Email address (Get results URL notification)	

Figure 32 CrossMark Settings Page



	×
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	User's Name
	Company
	Email Address
	Notes
Submit Results	
	×
	Submit
	× project001()

Figure 33 CrossMark Results Submit Form









🗸 Back	CrossMark TM Restore Purchase
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Project Nar	me
project	001
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Condi	tion Run
Auto Submission	
Email addre	ess (Get results URL notification)

Figure 35 CrossMark Settings Page in portrait



K Back CrossMark [™]
Submit Results
User's Name
iPhone
Company
Email Address
@
Notes
Submit
× project001.p

Figure 36 CrossMark Result Submit Form in Portrait mode